



AN755

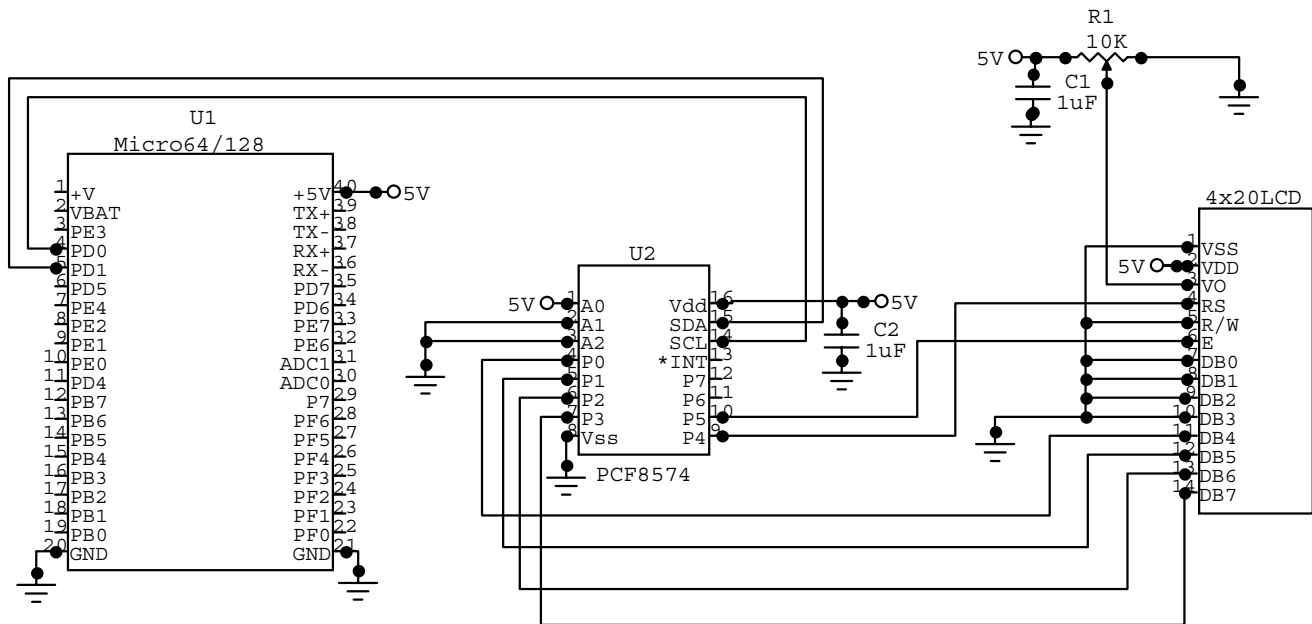
Micro64/128

I<sup>2</sup>C LCD

12/10/04

**Introduction:** Micromint's Domino modules have built-in firmware to control an LCD through the I<sup>2</sup>C bus. Since the Micro64/128 is a drop in replacement for the Domino 2 this application note demonstrates how to connect and write to an LCD over the I<sup>2</sup>C bus.

**Background:** In order to connect an LCD to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus a Philip's PCF8574 I<sup>2</sup>C I/O expander set to the proper slave address needs to be connected between the LCD and the Micro64/128. The following schematic demonstrates how to connect the I/O expander.



**How it works:** The BASCOM-AVR program demonstrates how to write and access some of the Hitachi PN LM044L 4X20 LCD features using the I<sup>2</sup>C Byte transfer function in Micro64/128's Utilities. Using a Philips/Signetics PCF8574 I<sup>2</sup>C I/O expander with the slave address 01000010 we can communicate to a parallel LCD screen serially by sending it nibbles of information. The I<sup>2</sup>C I/O expander only has enough I/O to control the LCD screen in nibble mode. This program allows you to enter a string and display it on the LCD, turn the display and the cursor on and off, make the cursor blink, and clear the entire screen.

**Program Listing:**

\*\*\*\*\*  
 'Project : I2C 4x20 LCD for the Micro64

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'Company : Micromint, Inc.
,
*****

$regfile = "m64def.dat"
$baud1 = 9600

'Configure the serial port.
Config Com2 = Dummy , Synchron = 0 , Parity = None , Stopbits = 1 , Databits = 8 , Clockpol = 0
'Configure PORTD.6 as an output and the rest of the port as inputs.
Ddrd = 64
Portd.6 = 1      'Enable the transmitter
'Open the serial port
Open "com2:" For Random As #1
'Declare Variables & Constants
Const Lcdaddr = &H42
Dim B As Byte
Dim S As String * 80
Dim X As Byte
Dim Strlen As Byte
Dim Char As Byte
Dim Upnib As Byte
Dim Lownib As Byte
'The data sent over the I2C bus must be located at $HFFD in order for the
'utilities to work.
Dim I2cdatx As Byte At &HFFD
'The Slave Address must be located at $HFFB in order for the utilities to work.
Dim Sladdr As Byte At &HFFB
'The Utilities puts the results from a read over the I2C bus at address &HFFE
Dim I2cdatarx As Word At &HFFE

'A Call to &HFC28 enables the I2C bus to 100kHz.
$asm
!Call &HFC28;
Send Asm
Waitms 500      'wait for 500 mS for LCD to come up
Gosub Init_lcd  'Initialize the LCD
Do
  Print #1 , "LCD Menu"
  Print #1 , "1 - Print to the LCD Screen"
  Print #1 , "2 - Clear the Screen"
  Print #1 , "3 - LCD On"
  Print #1 , "4 - LCD Off"
  Print #1 , "5 - Turn the cursor off"
  Print #1 , "6 - Turn the cursor on"
  Print #1 , "7 - Make the cursor not blink"
  Print #1 , "8 - Make the cursor blink"
  Input #1 , B
  Select Case B
    Case 1 : Gosub Displaystring
    Case 2 : Gosub Clear_lcd
    Case 3 : Gosub Lcdon
    Case 4 : Gosub Lcdoff
    Case 5 : Gosub Curseoff
    Case 6 : Gosub Curseon
    Case 7 : Gosub Curseblinkoff
    Case 8 : Gosub Curseblinkon
  End Select
Loop

*****
Init_lcd:
  Sladdr = Lcdaddr

  'E RS DB7 DB6 DB5 DB4
  'P5 P4 P3 P2 P1 P0
  Gosub Set4bitmode

  I2cdatx = &B00100010  '4 bit mode upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD

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Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin
I2cdatx = &B00101100 '4 bit, 2line, 4X7 Matrix , lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin

I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Auto Increment, Shift Right upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin
I2cdatx = &B00100110 'Auto Increment, Shift Right lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin

Gosub Lcdon
Gosub Clear_lcd

```

```

Return
*****

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Clear_lcd:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Clear the Display upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin
I2cdatx = &B00100001 'Clear the Display lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin

```

```

Return
*****

```

```

Lcdon:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'LCD on upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin
I2cdatx = &B00101100 'LCD on lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin

```

```

Return
*****

```

```

Lcdoff:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'LCD off upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin
I2cdatx = &B00101010 'LCD off lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin

```

```

Return
*****

```

```

Curseoff:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Cursor Off upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin
I2cdatx = &B00101100 'Cursor Off lower nibble
$asm

```

```

!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Curseon:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Cursor On upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
I2cdatx = &B00101110 'Cursor On lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Curseblinkoff:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Turn off the blinking upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
I2cdatx = &B00101100 'Turn off the blinking lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Curseblinkon:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Turn on the blinking upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
I2cdatx = &B00101101 'Turn on the blinking lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Lowlcedepin:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00000000 'Low the E pin to move in the nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Waitms 10
Return
*****
Set4bitmode:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00100010 '4 bit mode only
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Cursorline1:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00101000 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 1 upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 1 lower nibble
$asm

```

```

!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Cursorline2:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00101100 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 2 upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
I2cdatx = &B00100000 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 2 lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Cursorline3:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00101001 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 3 upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
I2cdatx = &B00100100 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 3 lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Cursorline4:
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
I2cdatx = &B00101101 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 4 upper nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
I2cdatx = &B00100100 'Move Cursor to beginning of line 4 lower nibble
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
Return
*****
Displaystring:
Gosub Cursorline1
Sladdr = Lcdaddr
X = 0
Input #1 , "Please enter a string" , S
Strlen = Len(s) 'get the lenght of the string to determine how many times to loop
Do 'begin a the loop to send out the charecters to the display.
Char = Right(s , Strlen)
'Prepare the upper nibble
I2cdatx = 0
I2cdatx.0 = Char.4
I2cdatx.1 = Char.5
I2cdatx.2 = Char.6
I2cdatx.3 = Char.7
I2cdatx.4 = 1
I2cdatx.5 = 1
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
Send Asm
Gosub Lowlcedepin
'Prepare the lower nibble
I2cdatx = 0
I2cdatx.0 = Char.0
I2cdatx.1 = Char.1
I2cdatx.2 = Char.2
I2cdatx.3 = Char.3
I2cdatx.4 = 1
I2cdatx.5 = 1

```

```
$asm
!Call &HFCBD
$end Asm
Gosub Lowlcdepin
If X = 19 Then Gosub Cursorline2
If X = 39 Then Gosub Cursorline3
If X = 59 Then Gosub Cursorline4
Decr Strlen      'decrease by one
X = X + 1
Loop Until Strlen = 0
```

Return

\*\*\*\*\*

Close #1